

# Mock Test



# ASIAROPE OLYMPIAD

## English National Round Category 4

1. You have ninety (90) minutes to finish the test.
2. This test covers **Context Clues, Drawing Conclusion, Making Inferences; Homonyms and Homophones; Grammar; Idiomatic Expression; Figures of Speech; Listening Comprehension.**
3. There are fifty (50) Multiple-Choice Questions in this test. Each correctly answered question shall be marked two (2) points. No points shall be deducted for incorrect answers.
4. You must shade properly the ovals that correspond to the letters of your answers on the **ANSWER SHEET.**
5. You may draw illustrations or write your notes on the **TEST BOOKLET.**
6. You are **NOT ALLOWED** to use any electronic gadget during the test proper.
7. Any form of cheating is a ground for **DISQUALIFICATION.**
8. After the test, you must **SUBMIT** to the proctor both this **TEST BOOKLET** and the **ANSWER SHEET.**





7. The sky was dark, and the wind was howling. Trees were swaying back and forth, and leaves were flying everywhere. Suddenly, there was a loud clap of thunder. What can you conclude about the weather?
- A. It is a calm day.
  - B. A storm is approaching.
  - C. It is sunny and bright.
  - D. The weather is warm and clear.
8. Jason spent hours studying for his math test. He made flashcards, completed practice problems, and reviewed his notes carefully. On the day of the test, he felt prepared and confident. What can you conclude about Jason's performance on the test?
- A. He probably failed the test.
  - B. He likely forgot everything he studied.
  - C. He was unprepared for the test.
  - D. He probably did well on the test.
9. Sarah loves to paint and draw. She spends most of her free time in her art studio, creating new pieces of artwork. Her friends and family often compliment her on her talent, and she recently won an art competition. What can you conclude about Sarah's abilities in art?
- A. She is not interested in art.
  - B. She is a talented artist.
  - C. She is new to art but competitive.
  - D. She dislikes painting and drawing.
10. The dog barked loudly and ran to the door as soon as the doorbell rang. Its tail wagged furiously, and it jumped up and down with excitement. What can you conclude about the dog's reaction to the doorbell?
- A. The dog is afraid of the doorbell.
  - B. The dog is aggressive and angry at the sound of the doorbell.
  - C. The dog is ignoring the doorbell but is curious who is at the door.
  - D. The dog is excited and happy to see who is at the door.

### III. MAKING INFERENCE

**Read each passage and respond to the question that asks for a logical inference based on details.**

11. Tom noticed that his sister was putting on her coat and grabbing an umbrella. He saw dark clouds gathering outside the window. What can you infer about the weather?





- A. It is sunny.  
B. It is about to rain.  
C. It is snowing.  
D. It is sweltering.

12. Lisa walked out of the movie theater with tears in her eyes and a tissue in her hand. She told her friend that it was the most moving film she had ever seen. What can you infer about the movie Lisa just watched?

- A. It was a comedy.  
B. It was a horror film.  
C. It was a documentary.  
D. It was an emotional movie.

13. Every day after school, Jack goes to the library and spends a couple of hours reading books and taking notes. He often checks out books related to Science and Math. What can you infer about Jack's interests?

- A. Jack is interested in reading stories.  
B. Jack likes reading about history.  
C. Jack is interested in science and math.  
D. Jack does not enjoy reading.

14. When Maria opened her lunchbox, she frowned and looked disappointed. Her sandwich was squished, and her apple had a bruise. What can you infer about how Maria feels about her lunch?

- A. She is happy with her lunch.  
B. She is indifferent about her lunch.  
C. She is upset or disappointed with her lunch.  
D. She is excited to eat her lunch.

15. During the school assembly, Mr. Smith spoke with a serious tone, and the students listened quietly. After his speech, the students gave him a standing ovation. What can you infer about Mr. Smith's speech?

- A. It was humorous.  
B. It was boring.  
C. It was inspiring  
D. It was confusing.

#### **IV. HOMONYMS AND HOMOPHONES**

**A. Give the meaning of the homophones and homonyms based on the context of the sentence.**

16. Sentence: The bark of the tree was rough, but the bark of the dog was loud and frequent.

Question: What is the difference in meaning between the two occurrences of the word "bark" in the sentence?





- A. Both refer to the sound a dog makes.  
B. Both refer to the sounds that the outer covering of a tree makes.  
C. One refers to a type of boat, and the other refers to the outer covering of a tree.  
D. One refers to the sound a dog makes, and the other refers to the outer covering of a tree.
17. Sentence: The plane soared high above the clouds, while the plain landscape stretched out below.  
Question: What is the difference in meaning between the words "plane" and "plain" in the sentence?  
A. Both words refer to an aircraft.  
B. "Plane" refers to an aircraft, and "plain" refers to a flat, level area of land  
C. "Plane" refers to a flat, level area of land, and "plain" refers to an aircraft.  
D. Both words refer to a flat, level area of land where the aircraft lands.
18. Sentence: The capital of the country is often bustling with activity and serves as the main hub for business and culture. On the other hand, the capitol is a grand building where lawmakers gather to discuss and create new laws.  
Question: What is the meaning of "capital" and "capitol" in each sentence?  
A. In the first sentence, "capital" refers to a city that serves as the economic and cultural center, while in the second sentence, "capitol" refers to a building where legislative activities occur.  
B. In the first sentence, "capital" refers to a grand building for legislative activities, while in the second sentence, "capitol" refers to a city that is an economic and cultural hub.  
C. In the first sentence, "capital" refers to a legislative building, while in the second sentence, "capitol" refers to a city center.  
D. In the first sentence, "capital" refers to the legislative building, while in the second sentence, "capitol" refers to a center of culture and business.

**B. Choose the correct homophones to complete the sentence.**





19. She was told to \_\_\_\_\_ a letter to her friend, and she wanted to make sure her handwriting was \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. write and right  
B. right and rite  
C. write and rite  
D. right and writ
20. The \_\_\_\_\_ carrier delivered a package to the \_\_\_\_\_ resident at the house next door.
- A. mail and male  
B. male and mail  
C. mail and mall  
D. male and mall

## V. GRAMMAR AND CORRECT USAGE

**Choose the correct word to complete a grammatically correct sentence.**

21. Subject-Verb Agreement  
Sentence: The number of cats being adopted from the shelter \_\_\_\_\_ every year.
- A. increase  
B. increases  
C. increased  
D. increasing
- 22: Gender of Nouns  
Sentence: Mrs. Rivera's son Paul is an \_\_\_\_\_ of our school.
- A. alumnus  
B. alumnae  
C. alumni  
D. alumna
23. Punctuation  
Choose the statement that has the correct punctuation.  
Sentence: My brother said \_\_\_\_\_
- A. My brother said, "I should go to bed early."  
B. My brother said I should "go to bed early."  
C. My brother said, "I should, go to bed early."  
D. My brother said I should go to bed early.
24. Singular/ Plural Nouns  
Sentence: The teacher asked for the students' \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. assignment  
B. assignments  
C. assignment's  
D. assignments'
25. Correct Verb Tense





Sentence: By the time she arrives, we \_\_\_\_\_ already left.

- A. will have  
B. will had  
C. have  
D. will

26. Adjective vs. Adverb

Sentence: She did her homework \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. good  
B. well  
C. goodly  
D. welly

27. Pronoun Antecedent Agreement

Sentence: If anyone needs help, \_\_\_\_\_ should ask for it.

- A. he  
B. she  
C. they  
D. it

28. Prepositions

Sentence: The dog is sitting \_\_\_\_\_ the mat.

- A. on  
B. in  
C. at  
D. over

29. Comparative Adjectives

Sentence: This puzzle is \_\_\_\_\_ than the one we did last week.

- A. more difficult  
B. more harder  
C. hardest  
D. difficulter

30. Conjunctions

Sentence: She wanted to join the soccer team, \_\_\_\_\_ she was already busy with other activities.

- A. although  
B. because  
C. or  
D. if

## VI. IDIOMATIC EXPRESSIONS

Give the meaning of the idiomatic expression used in each sentence. Choose the letter of the correct answer.

31. After winning the game, he felt like he was **over the moon**.

- A. Extremely happy  
B. Very tired  
C. Feeling sad  
D. Floating in space





32. Maloi always **keeps her nose to the grindstone** whenever she works on a project.

- A. Works hard
- B. Has a runny nose
- C. Talks a lot
- D. Avoids work

33. When Rico asked for help with the report, he was told he should **bite the bullet** and complete it on his own.

- A. Accept an unpleasant situation
- B. Avoid making a decision
- C. Ignore a problem
- D. Take a risk

34. The team's success was a **blessing in disguise**, as it led to unexpected opportunities.

- A. A hidden problem
- B. A secret advantage
- C. A fortunate event that is not recognized
- D. An apparent misfortune that turns out to be beneficial

35. Her comments about the project were just the **tip of the iceberg**, revealing only a small part of the overall issues.

- A. A hidden detail
- B. The most important aspect
- C. The easiest part to handle
- D. A small, visible part of a much larger issue

## VII. FIGURATIVE LANGUAGE

A. Give the meaning of the figurative language used in the sentence.

36. The car **roared down the street like a lion**.

- A. The car made a loud noise
- B. The car moved very slowly
- C. The car had a smooth ride
- D. The car was very colorful

B. Identify what figures of speech are used in each sentence. Choose the letter of the correct answer.





37. The wind was ***howling like a wolf*** through the trees.  
A. Simile  
B. Metaphor  
C. Hyperbole  
D. Personification
38. The stars in the night sky were "***twinkling diamonds***."  
A. Simile  
B. Metaphor  
C. Hyperbole  
D. Personification
39. He ran "***faster than the speed of light***" to catch the bus.  
A. Simile  
B. Oxymoron  
C. Hyperbole  
D. Personification
40. The wind "***whispered secrets***" through the trees.  
A. Oxymoron  
B. Metaphor  
C. Hyperbole  
D. Personification

## VIII. LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Listen carefully to the audio clip, then answer the questions that follow.

### AUDIO LINK:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1w-9C8lT2p4SHZVTsF0X7ca08N7kUUtK0/view?usp=sharing>

41. What was the purpose of Emma's visit to the Science Museum?  
A. To have a picnic  
B. To see a movie  
C. To attend a field trip  
D. To attend a lecture
42. Which exhibit did Emma find particularly fascinating?  
A. The dinosaur exhibit  
B. The space exhibit  
C. The marine life exhibit  
D. The art exhibit





43. What did Emma learn about in the space exhibit?
- A. Famous astronauts
  - B. The history of space travel
  - C. The solar system's weather patterns
  - D. Planets, stars, and the International Space Station
44. What was the highlight of the trip for Emma?
- A. The interactive moon simulation
  - B. The dinosaur models
  - C. The planetarium show
  - D. The large aquarium
45. What did Emma and her friends see in the aquarium?
- A. Land animals
  - B. Ancient fossils
  - C. Space models
  - D. Colorful fish and sea turtles
46. What did the planetarium show offer Emma and her classmates?
- A. A documentary on marine life
  - B. A virtual tour of the universe
  - C. A live performance by scientists
  - D. A lecture on dinosaurs
47. How did Emma feel at the end of the day?
- A. Disappointed
  - B. Bored but contented
  - C. Tired but thrilled
  - D. Tired and confused
48. What did Emma learn about the dinosaurs during the trip?
- A. Their habitats
  - B. Their diet and daily activities
  - C. Their migration patterns
  - D. Their communication methods
49. What did the interactive exhibits allow Emma to experience?
- A. Exploring a jungle
  - B. Flying in a space shuttle
  - C. Being an astronaut
  - D. Walking on the moon and zero gravity





50. Which of the following best describes the overall tone of the passage?

- A. Sad and reflective
- B. Exciting and informative
- C. Serious and critical
- D. Entertaining and Comical

